1	Senate Bill No. 132
2	(By Senator Sypolt)
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4	[Introduced January 11, 2012; referred to the Committee on
5	Energy, Industry and Mining; and then to the Committee on the
6	Judiciary.]
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L1	A BILL to amend and reenact §22A-2-66 of the Code of West Virginia,
L2	1931, as amended, relating to providing the Director of the
L3	Office of Miners' Health, Safety and Training some discretion
L 4	in determining the penalty to impose upon operators failing to
L 5	provide immediate notice upon the occurrence of a mining
L 6	accident; and increasing allowable reporting time.
L 7	Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:
L 8	That §22A-2-66 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended,
L 9	be amended and reenacted to read as follows:
20	ARTICLE 2. UNDERGROUND MINES.
21	§22A-2-66. Accident; notice; investigation by Office of Miners'
22	Health, Safety and Training.
23	(a) For the purposes of this section, the term "accident"
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1 means:

- 2 (1) The death of an individual at a mine;
- 3 (2) An injury to an individual at a mine which has a
- 4 reasonable potential to cause death;
- 5 (3) The entrapment of an individual;
- 6 (4) The unplanned inundation of a mine by a liquid or gas;
- 7 (5) The unplanned ignition or explosion of gas or dust;
- 8 (6) The unplanned ignition or explosion of a blasting agent or 9 an explosive;
- 10 (7) An unplanned fire in or about a mine not extinguished
 11 within five minutes of ignition;
- 12 (8) An unplanned roof fall at or above the anchorage zone in 13 active workings where roof bolts are in use or an unplanned roof or 14 rib fall in active workings that impairs ventilation or impedes 15 passage;
- 16 (9) A coal or rock outburst that causes withdrawal of miners
- 17 or which disrupts regular mining activity for more than one hour;
- 18 (10) An unstable condition at an impoundment, refuse pile or 19 culm bank which:
- 20 (A) Requires emergency action in order to prevent failure;
- 21 (B) or which Causes individuals to evacuate an area; or the
- (C) Constitutes a failure of an impoundment, refuse pile or 23 culm bank;

- 1 (11) Damage to hoisting equipment in a shaft or slope which 2 endangers an individual or which interferes with use of the
- 3 equipment for more than thirty minutes; and
- 4 (12) An event at a mine which causes death or bodily injury to 5 an individual not at the mine at the time the event occurs.
- 6 (b) Whenever any an accident occurs in or about any a coal 7 mine or the machinery connected therewith associated machinery, it 8 is the duty of the operator or the mine foreman in charge of the 9 mine to give notice and state the particulars of the accident 10 within fifteen thirty minutes of ascertaining the occurrence of an 11 accident. The notice shall be given to the Mine and Industrial 12 Accident Emergency Operations Center at the statewide telephone 13 number established by the Director of the Division of Homeland 14 Security and Emergency Management pursuant to the provisions of 15 article five-b, chapter fifteen of this code. stating the 16 particulars of the accident. Provided, That The operator or the 17 mine foreman in charge of the mine may comply with this notice 18 requirement by immediately providing notice to the appropriate 19 local organization for emergency services as defined in section 20 eight, article five, of said chapter fifteen of this code or the 21 appropriate local emergency telephone system operator as defined in 22 article six, chapter twenty-four of this code. Provided, however, 23 That Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to relieve

- 1 relieves the operator from any reporting or notification
 2 requirement under federal law.
- 3 (c) The Director of the Office of Miners' Health, Safety and
 4 Training shall impose, pursuant to rules authorized in this
 5 section, a civil administrative penalty of up to \$100,000 on the
 6 operator if it is determined that the operator or the mine foremen
 7 foreman in charge of the mine failed to give immediate notice as
 8 required in this section. Provided, That The director may waive
 9 imposition of the civil administrative penalty at any time if he or
 10 she finds that the failure to give immediate notice was caused by
 11 circumstances wholly outside the control of the operator.
- (d) If anyone is killed, the inspector shall immediately go to the scene of the accident and make recommendations, and render assistance as he or she may deem believes necessary for the future safety of the men and investigate the cause of the explosion or accident and make a record. He or she shall preserve the record with the other records in his or her office. The cost of the investigation records shall be paid by the Office of Miners' Health, Safety and Training and a copy shall be furnished to the operator and other interested parties. To enable him or her the inspector to make an investigation, he or she has the power to compel the attendance of witnesses and to administer oaths or affirmations. The director has the right to appear and testify and

- 1 to offer any testimony that may be relevant to the questions and to
- 2 cross-examine witnesses.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to provide the Director of the Office of Miners' Health, Safety and Training some discretion in determining the penalty to impose against operators who fail to provide immediate notice upon the occurrence of a mining accident and, in addition, to provide a longer period of time during which to report an accident.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from the present law and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.